

BBN System

TAC KBP 2015, Event Argument Linking

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Outline

- Overview of our system
- New for our 2015 system
 - Targeted training (trigger)
 - Embeddings (argument attachment)
 - Sieve (argument linking)
- Submissions, results, and analysis

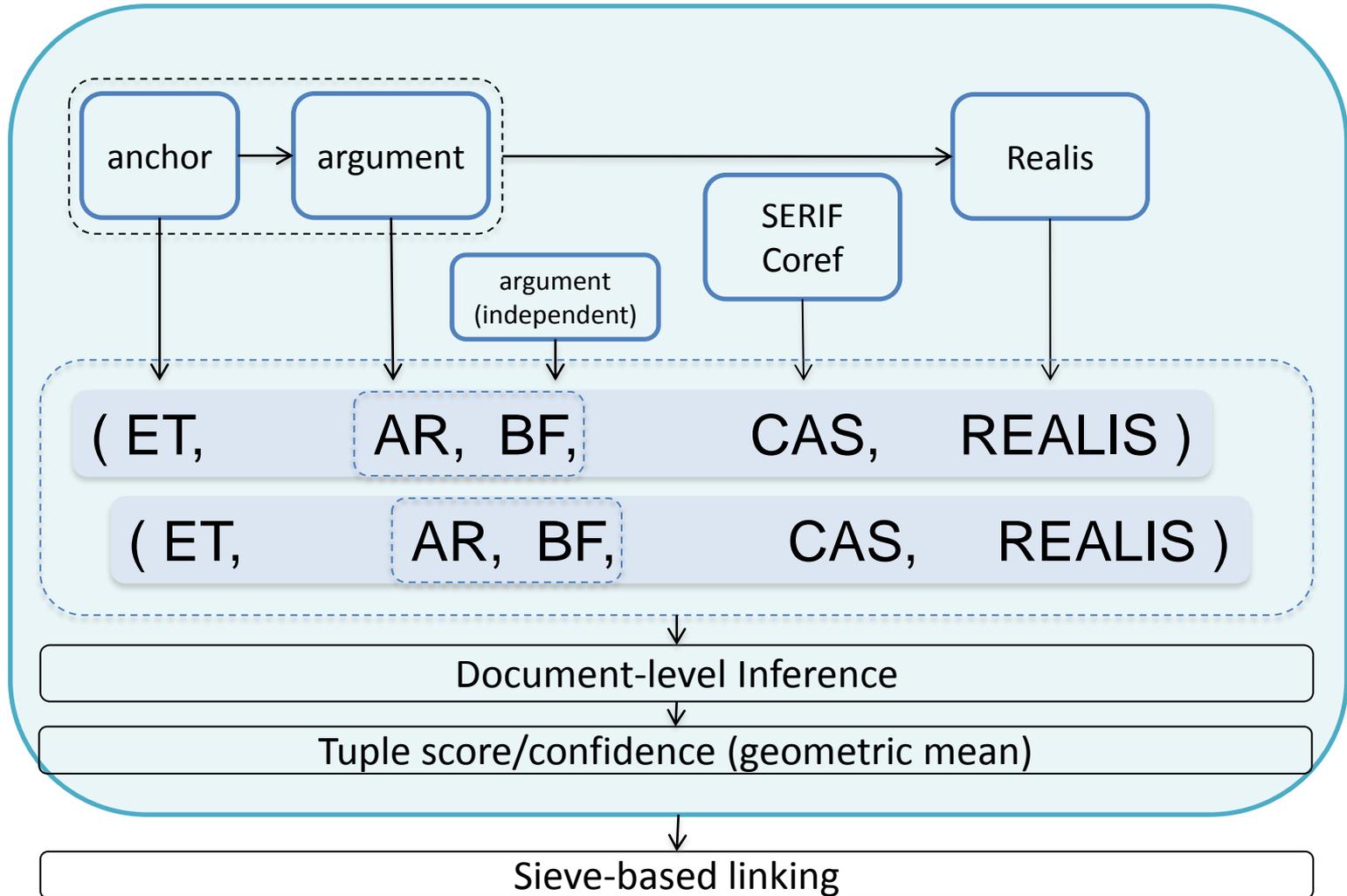
Task Output

- Labels from taxonomy: Event Type (ET) and Role (AR)
- Canonical Argument String (CAS): Best resolution for the argument
- Elements of the justification
 - **Base Filler (BF)**: Span of text that fills the specified role
 - **Predicate Justification (PJ)**: Span of text that indicates the presence of an event of the specified type and the participation of the base filler
 - **Additional Argument Justifications**: Span of text that establishes the relationship between the base filler and canonical argument string for non-coreference relations (e.g. group membership)
- Realis Marker: Categorization of epistemic status of (EventType, Role, Canonical Argument) assertion. Labels are {Actual, Other, Generic}
- Confidence: System confidence in (EventType, Role, Canonical Argument) assertion

Prosecutors in the Oscar Pistorius case said they will file appeals. The Olympic runner was convicted of killing his girlfriend.

| | ET | Role | CAS | Realis | Justifications (base filler is underlined) |
|-----|---------|------------|------------------------|--------|--|
| Ev1 | Appeal | Prosecutor | Prosecutors | Other | <u>Prosecutors</u> in the Oscar Pistorius case said they will file appeals. |
| | Appeal | Defendant | Oscar Pistorius | Other | Prosecutors in the <u>Oscar Pistorius</u> case said they will file appeals. |
| | Appeal | Crime | killing his girlfriend | Other | Prosecutors in the Oscar Pistorius case said they will file appeals. The Olympic runner was convicted of <u>killing his girlfriend</u> . |
| Ev2 | Convict | Defendant | Oscar Pistorius | Actual | The Olympic <u>runner</u> was convicted of killing his girlfriend. |
| | Convict | Crime | killing his girlfriend | Actual | The Olympic runner was convicted of <u>killing his girlfriend</u> . |

BBN System



Core
Components
Similar to EA
2014

New for 2015

Anchor Model

- Finds lexical indications of events (anchors/triggers/nuggets), and label with event type
- Logistic regression
 - Training data: ACE, RichERE
 - In BBN1, 3,4,5 also includes BBN developed targeted training data (new in 2015)
 - Features:
 - Surrounding words, associated dependency structure, topic of document, etc.

Argument & Argument Independent Models

- **Argument Model:**

- Given the presence of a lexical indicator of the event (from the anchor model) and some noun phrase, predict the role (if any)
- Logistic regression (more complicated factor for embeddings)
 - Training data: ACE, RichERE
 - Features include:
 - The anchor, the candidate argument, the text strings between them, and their associated dependency structures
 - In BBN1,2,4,5: embedding features (new in 2015)

- **Argument Independent Model:**

- Given a mention, predict presence of an event type and role that mention plays in event
 - Training data: ACE, RichERE
 - Features:
 - As in the core argument model, but without the anchor
- Targets improved recall for mentions that are highly indicative of certain classes of events (e.g. *the protestors* → *(Conflict.Demonstrate, Agent, the protestors)*)

Canonical Argument String (CAS)

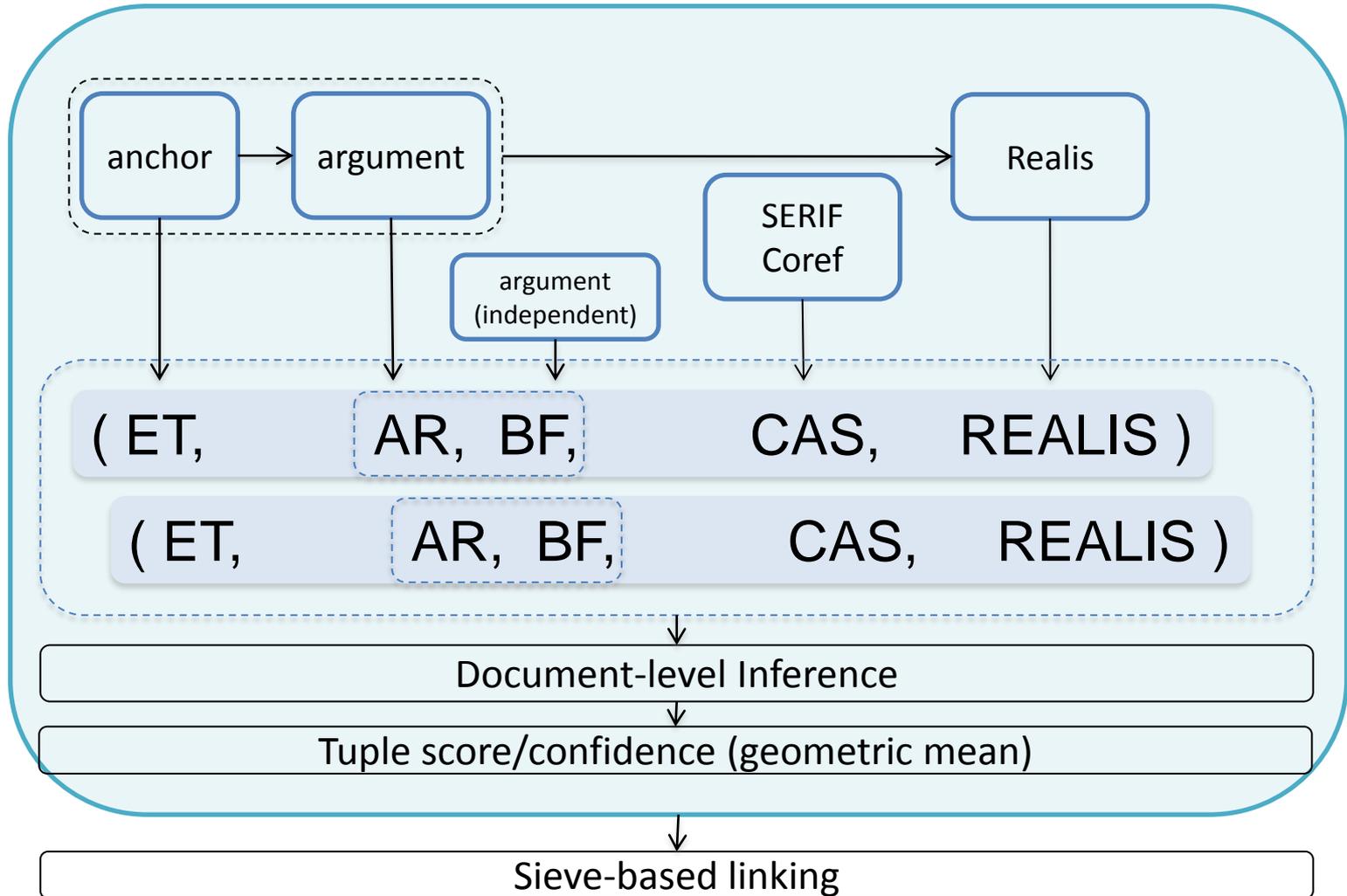
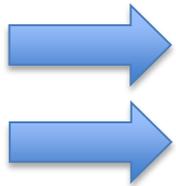
- If base filler (BF) is a Name, return the BF
- Otherwise, use coreference chains from SERIF using following rules:
 - If BF is a description:
 - When a name is available, use
 - The proper country name as appropriate
 - Otherwise, the longest name
 - Otherwise return BF
 - If BF is a pronoun:
 - When a name is available, that name (as in the description case)
 - Otherwise a description by preferring
 - Closeness in sentence distance
 - Earliness in sentence
 - Length

Realis Model

- Predict types (Actual, Generic, Other), based on:
 - P(asserted):
 - Syntactic-parse based rules to set P(specific) to either 0 or 1
 - P(specific):
 - Classifier trained on ACE and richERE
- Combine as:
 - P(Actual): $P(\text{asserted}) * P(\text{specific})$
 - P(Generic): $1.0 - P(\text{specific})$
 - P(Other): $P(\text{specific}) * (1.0 - P(\text{asserted}))$

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Document-level Inference

- We apply the following document-level rules:
- Copy arguments between certain classes of events
 - For certain event types, when certain arguments are shared, for example
 - *Conflict.Attack* <-> *Life.Injure* when *Target/Victim* arguments are shared
 - For certain event types, when certain arguments are missing and
 - Related events with that argument appear nearby
 - *Crime* argument copied between *Justice* events
 - The independent argument model found an argument

Document-Level Inference (2)

- Location inference:
 - If x fills a PLACE argument role and x is part-of y (relation prediction or gazetteer), add y as a PLACE argument
- Delete:
 - non-GPE PLACE arguments
 - If realis is Actual, discard “*you*” base fillers
 - Discard events lacking crucial roles (e.g. *Personnel.End-Position* events lacking a *POSITION* role, *Justice.Sentence* event with no Sentence)

Final Tuple Scoring

(ET, AR, BF, CAS, REALIS)

geometric-mean($anchor_s$, $argument_s$, $coreference_s$, $realis_s$) :

- Coreference score defaults to 1.0, except when BF is non-relative pronoun then score is 0.75
- All tuples with geometric-mean larger than some threshold are kept
 - **BBN1-BBN4**: threshold is 0.3
 - **BBN5**: No document rescoring, target higher precisions system by only keeping tuples with high scores from independent classifiers
- Confidence in the output is the tuple score

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Targeted Training

- Community resources (ACE, RichERE) serve many purposes
 - Balancing annotation density across entities, relations and events
 - Complete document annotation required for some tasks
 - Representative test set
- Achieving broad coverage training data for events with full document annotation is challenging
 - *ACE 2005*: 10 of 33 event types occur less than 25 times
 - Even when an event is common, each trigger/anchor/nugget may occur only 2 or 3 times
 - Difficult for a classifier to learn
- Explore focused training data creation for EA task
 - Data that the system can learn from (even if it is a bad test set)
 - For example, prioritize examples of the things we care about over a natural distribution

Targeted Training: Process

- Perform sentence-selected (rather than full document) annotation
- Give annotators search tools to find good sentences
 - People can intuitively think of triggers for most events
- Allow annotators to skip “confusing” examples
 - The system probably won’t be able to learn from them anyways
- Allow the annotator to mark as many words indicating an event as they would like
 - Better for the system to see multiple triggers

Targeted Training: Impact

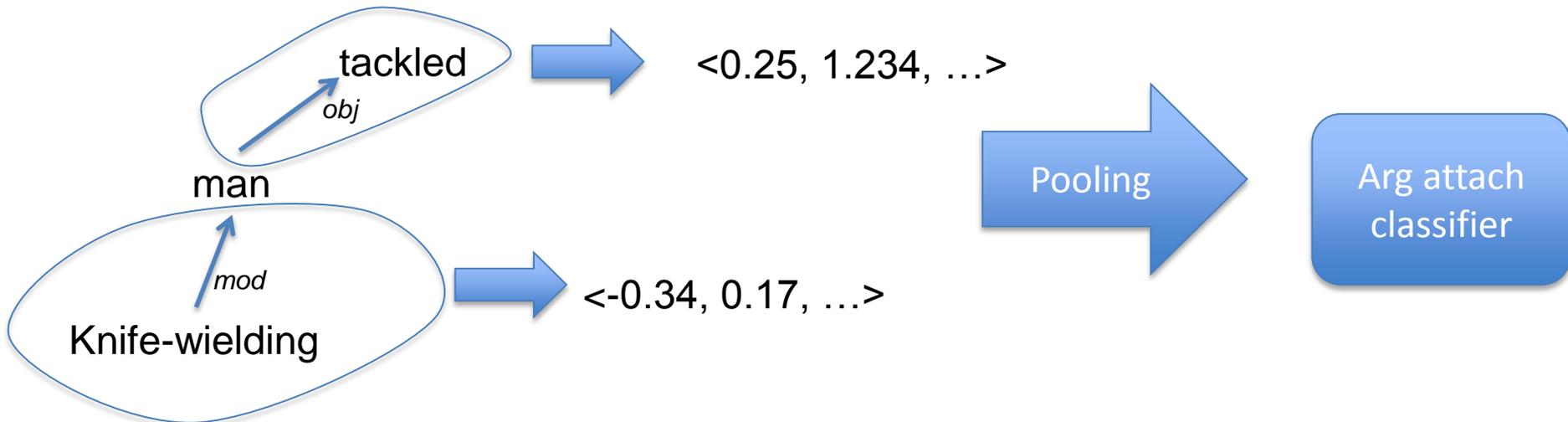
- Annotated ~5.8K positive & 6.4K negative sentences
 - Each sentence for a single event type
 - 4-8 hours per event type for all event types
 - Additional annotation for a few event types where we observed poor system performance
 - Annotation included triggers and arguments, in current system only triggers were used
 - Trigger only annotation would be faster, but include arguments for future work
 - Resulting annotation is
 - Far denser in positive examples than ACE
 - Has negative examples that are expected to be particularly useful because they are expected to be “confusable” (e.g. involve alternative senses of a potential trigger)
- BBN1 uses targeted data for training, BBN2 did not
 - ~12% relative improvement in argument score from additional training data

Context Embeddings

- Event arguments can often be distant from event triggers
- But often the argument context is informative
 - *The **knife-wielding** man was tackled by a bystander, but only after three people were severely injured in the attack.*
 - *Acme Inc.'s **creditors** were disappointed by Friday's bankruptcy filing.*
- We would like to learn informative argument contexts which never appear in our supervised training data based on those which do

Context Embeddings: AA

- We trained dense vector representations of the normalized dependency trees contexts of words on Gigaword V5 using a variant of the skip-gram model due to (Levy & Goldberg, '14)
- We include this representation in our AA model



Context Embeddings: AA

- Internal development tests on KBP-2014 EA newswire eval corpus
 - Embeddings improve our 2014's best system (BBN1), scored using 2014 EA scorer
- BBN1 used context embeddings, BBN3 did not
 - ~10% relative improvement from context embeddings

Argument Linking: Sieve

- Link arguments into event frames (EFs) using sieve-based approach
 - Applying tiers of deterministic linking decisions from highest to lowest precision
 - Sieves developed based on nw portion of the 2015 EAL training data (LDC2015E41)
 - Link-by-event-type baseline on this data was high, this informed our decisions about how to proceed
- All submissions used the same sieve-based approach
 - 4% relative improvement between sieve based approach and link-by-event type baseline

Argument Linking: Sieve

- Tiers that encourage linking
 1. Arguments that share an event anchor are group into an EF
 - This will only link arguments within a sentence
 2. Sentence internally (from left to right), merge when event frames (EF) share an event type unless
 - They violate ontology based constraints
 - We observe certain discourse connectives (e.g. cause)
 3. Across the document (from earlier to later sentences), merge unless they violate ontology based constraints
- Example ontology based constraints
 - Event role uniqueness in a single EF: Time, Place, Adjudicator (Justice), Org (Declare-Bankruptcy). Unless they are compatible: coref to same entity, compatible CAS strings, Place containment, etc.
 - Voluntary anchors should not be combined with involuntary (Crime related) anchors, e.g. 'give' vs 'steal'.

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System Submissions

- Submissions

- BBN1: primary submission
- BBN2: as BBN1 but without targeted training (trigger)
- BBN3: as BBN1 but without embeddings (argument attachment)
- BBN4: as BBN1 but without some inference rules added in 2015
- BBN5: BBN1 with threshold on tuple score set high

| | Targeted training (trigger) | Embeddings (AA) | 2015 doc-level inference rules | Geometric mean scoring |
|------|-----------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|
| BBN1 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| BBN2 | x | | | |
| BBN3 | | x | | |
| BBN4 | | | x | |
| BBN5 | | | | x |

System Submissions

- Argument linking
 - sieve heuristics based on NW portion of EAL 2015 training data (LDC2015E41)
- Training data (all submissions):
 - Anchor Classifier: ACE, richERE, targeted training (except BBN2)
 - Argument Classifier: ACE, richERE, embeddings (except BBN3)
 - Realis: ACE, richERE

Evaluation Results

| | Targeted training (trigger) | Embeddings (AA) | 2015 doc-level inference rules | Geometric mean scoring |
|------|-----------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|
| BBN1 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| BBN2 | x | | | |
| BBN3 | | x | | |
| BBN4 | | | x | |
| BBN5 | | | | x |

| | P | R | F1 | EAArg | Overall |
|-------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| BBN1 | 37 | 39 | 38 | 24 | 24 |
| BBN4 | 37 | 39 | 38 | 24 | 23 |
| BBN2 | 34 | 37 | 36 | 21 | 22 |
| BBN3 | 37 | 36 | 36 | 22 | 21 |
| BBN5 | 46 | 29 | 36 | 21 | 19 |

- Submissions only varied in their approach to argument extraction
 - Performance improved with:
 - Targeted training (BBN1 vs BBN2)
 - Contextual embeddings (BBN1 vs BBN3)
- BBN1 is the top ranked system in the evaluation
 - BBN1’s argument extraction was both higher precision and higher recall than other systems
 - Difference was much larger in recall

Analysis: Diagnostic Argument Scores

| Neutralize | EAArg BBN1 | EAArg LDC | Prec BBN1 | Prec LDC | Rec BBN1 | Rec LDC |
|-------------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| - | 24 | 37 | 37 | 76 | 39 | 40 |
| Realis | 33 | 39 | 45 | 82 | 46 | 42 |
| Realis & CAS | 39 | 41 | 52 | 84 | 50 | 43 |

- Both assigning realis status and finding the canonical argument string negatively impact BBN performance
 - Absolute difference of either (24 -> 33 -> 39) is larger than the improvements we saw from targeted training and contextual embeddings
 - Some work in 2015 development to improve features for realis model, but still more room for improvement
- In the Neutralize Realis & CAS, BBN1 EAArg (aggregate argument) score approaches that of LDC's
 - In this setting, BBN1 exceeds LDC's recall but does not match their precision

Analysis: Linking Scores of BBN1

| Linking Approach | EALink (nw+df) | EALink (nw) | EALink (df) |
|---------------------------|----------------|-------------|-------------|
| Baseline (same eventType) | 22.5 | 21.1 | 24.8 |
| System | 23.4 (+0.9) | 22.3 (+1.2) | 25.2 (+0.4) |
| Max-linking | 30.2 (+6.8) | 30.4 (+8.1) | 29.8 (+4.6) |

- Some of our previously assumed unique event roles constraints are violated in the 2015 reference linking annotation:
 - Money in Transaction.Transfer-Money, Prosecutor in Justice.Trial-Hearing, Place in Conflict.Demonstrate
 - Especially true for Place of a Conflict.Demonstrate event, e.g. at 'the Washington National Cathedral', or 'around the country'.

Thanks!